

and the greatest distinction has been placed in that province, since he resigned the government of it.

During the course of the last session, his Majesty went four times to the House of Peers, and, including the Bills that were signed by a Royal Commission, they amounted to 185.

On Tuesday evening, Mr. Hendetson, of Fludyer's Street, received a packet from his son, a Captain, now abroad, informing him, that the Aurora frigate is now at the Cape of Good Hope. That some years ago the Aurora being on its passage with the Indian Supervisors on board, between St. Helena and the Cape, the men mutinied, and after killing Capt. Lee, and the Master, the Supervisors &c. steered for the South Sea, where they have been ever since, committing the greatest acts of piracy and cruelty, on the Spaniards; that lately two Dutch men of war appearing in those seas, the Aurora fell down to them (imagining them to be Indians) and after a desperate engagement, was obliged to strike to the Dutchmen of war; that on sending intelligence to Admiral Hatland, of the particulars, he had ordered the Hawk Sloop, well manned, to sail for the Cape, and conduct the pirates to England, to receive their just reward. The value on board her amounts to more than the Manilla Ranom.

July 4. We are informed that a scheme is on foot to apply part of the crown revenues in America towards the construction of a certain number of ships of war, and the establishing regular arsenals and dock yards, in the chief maritime provinces on the Continent.

We are assured by several accounts from Spain, that the several armaments going on in that kingdom are by no means intended to act against the Moors, no less than eight men of war of the line, and three frigates, having sailed in single ships to the West-Indies and South America within the last four months, having on board from one to four companies of infantry, besides great quantities of military stores.

A letter from Warsaw, dated June 12, says, "The account of the revolt of the Tartars of Crimea against the Russians, is confirmed; and we hear that the Turks spare no pains to encourage these insurrections, for which purpose they intend soon to make a descent there with a considerable body of troops. Prince Dolgorucki Commander in chief of the Russian army in Ukraine, has already given orders to de-camp, and make double marches, in order to reach Crimea time enough to defeat the enterprises of the Turks and Tartars, and bring the latter back to their duty."

July 5. We hear that his Majesty proposes to set out for Woolwich To-morrow, to view the stores, cannon and ammunition there, and that a battalion of the train is ordered to be under arms on the occasion.

The Duke of Kingston lies at present in a dangerous and affecting situation; he was suddenly seized with the palsy, and it awoke to that state of the disorder which is entirely taken away the use of one side of his body.

Notwithstanding the loan of 1,400,000l. lately granted to the India Company by Parliament, not a shilling of it have they touched, the whole being appropriated to the payment of their several debts; in consequence of this they are now so much in distress for the further loan of 400,000l. that if that sum is not raised before August next for them, they will not have money to carry on the ordinary business of the Company.

The 200,000l. due from the East India Company to the Bank of England, is made payable by the late loan bill, in Exchequer bills; so that government, after all its vapouring about advance of money to the East India Company, has done no more, in this instance, than pay out of the right hand into the left.

Saturday at noon, there was a numerous and respectable appearance of the Livery in Common Hall assembled, for the purpose of re-electing a Sheriff for this city, and county of Middlesex, for the ensuing year, in the room of Alderman Plomer, who resigned that office, by paying his fine.

About one o'clock the Lord Mayor, attended by Alderman Wilkes, Bull, Thomas, Sir Watkin Lewes, Sheriff, and the city officers, attended the hustings; when the business of the day being opened by the common crier, the Recorder came forward, and addressed the Livery to the following purport: "He acquainted them first of the occasion of calling them together; and then observed, that, as he had explained to them (as was the duty of his office) on the last Common-Hall, the importance and great trust with which a Sheriff was invested, he thought it necessary to repeat the same then, particularly as the Livery had, by their conduct, given proofs of their knowledge in the great rights with which they were entrusted."

The Lord Mayor and Aldermen (as usual) then retired, when the Common Sergeant put up several Aldermen below the chair, with those who have been drunk to, together with William Lee, Esq; citizen

and haberdasher; when after being severally nominated by the common crier, the show of hands appeared much in favour of Mr. Lee, which was immediately confirmed as such by Sir Watkin Lewes.

Sir Watkin having reported the election to the Lord Mayor and Aldermen, they all returned together on the hustings, when the election was finally declared by Mr. Recorder; upon which Mr. Lee addressed the Livery substantially as follows:

"After expressing his thanks for the honour his brother Liverymen and fellow citizens did him, by electing him one of their Sheriffs; he said he was upon that office with cheerfulness, and was the more so, from their approbation; that as he was about to go upon public ground, he would carry these sentiments with him to the grave, influenced by place or person; the duties of his office he would most punctually attend to, and strive, by every means in his power, to hand down those liberties and privileges, untouched and inviolated, which they derive from the spirit and freedom of their ancestors."

This speech was received with all that unanimity of applause, which a public address that carries the marks of sincerity along with it, ever demands; and indeed it would be doing Mr. Lee great injustice, not to say his manner of delivering himself (abstracted from his Sentiments) strongly exhibited the marks of a liberal and patriotic mind, after which the Common Hall was adjourned; which, from beginning to end, was conducted with a degree of decency and regularity, that reflected honour on the livery at large.

July 6. By letters from Paris we learn, that the reform of 24,000 infantry, made in the year 1771, is ordered to be set aside, and directions given for the several regiments to be completed to their full complement. The same measures are likewise observed in respect of the cavalry and household troops. The abbe de Terray has, it is said, remonstrated strongly against this step, and insists that a further reduction should take place instead of an augmentation.

It is currently reported, that Mr. Pownall has accepted the Government of New England, at the strong solicitations of Administration, from principles the most praiseworthy, viz. that of restoring unanimity and harmony between our most gracious sovereign and that loyal People.

June 7. They write from the Hague, that his Prussian Majesty has lately taken into his pay all the troops belonging to the Duchies of Wirtemberg, Saxe-Gotha, and Mecklenburg Schwerin.

We hear that several stout vessels are building in the Spanish private ports on account of some capital merchants, who are going to prosecute the trade of the East-Indies with great vigour, under the sanction of the Court.

An evening paper, after premising that, previous to the presenting an address to his Majesty, a copy is usually sent for the King's inspection, says, that when the late address of the corporation of Portsmouth was returned by administration, a paragraph was inserted, couched in the strongest terms, conveying the severest reflections on the city of London, for the stand which it has made to administration. The corporation resented highly the great affront, and rejected the paragraph with the strongest marks of indignation. This gave rise to the reluctance with which Mr. Carter received the honour of knighthood; for it was only by the most pressing solicitations of his friends that he could be induced to accept it.

By the last advices from Warsaw it appears that they had made no very great progress in the trial of the Regicides. Stawinski, a hardened knave, and who was third in command in the execution of the villainous attempt, on the life of the King, is not yet apprehended. He had the audacity, however, after the failure of the attempt, to publish a manifesto, which begins in the following style: "The day, which promised to have been the most happy for this country, is become the most unhappy; meaning that the country could not prosper without the death of the King. Strong search is making after him in Lithuania."

July 8. A correspondent remarks, that if the late act for regulating the circulation of the gold coin is strictly adhered to, as some people have already begun to do, the greatest part of the guineas now current will be swept; the act only provides for a reasonable allowance being made for the wear, and it is an established rule in the gold trade, that a guinea will not lose, by fair wear, above 8d. in 100 years, and two thirds of the guineas now current in London, and almost all in the country, want above 1s.

The hearing of the important American cause which was to have come on before the Privy Council as this day, is deferred till next week at the instigation of the Governor's Solicitor, who lodged the appeal from the report of the Lord's of Trade.

On Tuesday an action was brought in the Court of King's Bench, against a Pawnbroker, on the statute against usury; when it was proved that the Defendant took 12s.

interest for five days loan of 26l. 5s. The Plaintiff recovered treble the sum lent, and had accordingly a verdict for 78l. 15s.

Yesterday there was a General Court of the Proprietors of East-India Stock, at their house in Leadenhall Street; when among a variety of other matters, it was agreed not to appoint General Clavering, Commander in Chief of their forces.

It was declared from the chair, that the Company's debt was not so large by 300,000l. sterl. as they had at first computed it to be. It also appeared that by the plan of redemption lately sent over to Bengal, they would be an annual saving of 700,000l. in the year 1775; they should not attempt to pay off the loan of 1,400,000l. but to liquidate it entirely with Government; and that the Company would be in a condition also of paying off all their other debts, and that consequently the dividend would, before the end of the same year, be raised to 9 per cent.

The intended suit, of Lord Sandwich against Mr. Mercer, came on before Lord Mansfield this morning in the Court of King's Bench, Westminster Hall; when the evidence being given through, Lord Mansfield gave his charge to the jury; who brought in a verdict against the Defendant of Two Thousand Pounds Damages.

Yesterday morning the great case so long depending between the heirs of the late General Stanwix was finally determined before Lord Chief Justice Mansfield, in the Court of King's Bench. The Gentlemen of the Long Robe recapitulated the old arguments relating to the probability of each party being drowned before the other, but the Court advised them to compromise the matter, and let all parties come in upon an equal footing, which was agreed to.

Administration it is now said, are straining every nerve in order to gain some certain pecuniary advantages as well on the American as African continent; the success, however, is much more doubtful than in any of the most daring attempts they have yet engaged in.

For three days last past, cards and messengers have been continually passing and repassing between St. James's, and a certain marquis's house in Grosvenor square, even so late as ten o'clock at night.

It is said that Lord North will resign as Premier, speedily after his return from Oxford, and that his Lordship will be succeeded therein by the Marquis of Rockingham.

It is said that the intended Premier has agreed to desert a certain famous patriot and his party.

It is now reported with confidence, at several places, that there is not the least probability of a change taking place either amongst our Ministers or Lawyers. Be this as it may, however, certain it is that no change, upon a summary of all reports, is likely to take place for the benefit of the public.

July 9. We are informed, that Lord Dartmouth has nominated Col. George Mercer to be Governor of the new colony on the Ohio, which should be called Pittsylvania. Our correspondent observes, that this act is a strong proof of his Lordship's strict justice, as well as of his good judgment. Col. Mercer has not only great public merit to recommend him, but few men possess so many amiable qualities, either as a friend or as a gentleman.—He is a native of Virginia, and received a very liberal education at the College of Williamsburgh; he afterwards studied the law, and though he might have lived very independently and quietly on the estate which his father had portioned him with, yet he preferred the hazardous service of his country to a life of ease, he accepted of a military commission at the commencement of the late war, and served in different ranks, till the regiment he belonged to was reduced; he also represented a county in the General Assembly of that Province. In 1763 he came over to England to solicit for a confirmation of grants of land for the Ohio Company, in the very spot where the new government is to be established; and as a public testimony of his zealous and disinterested services, the Governor, Council, and Assembly of Virginia, recommended him to his Majesty. When the famous Stamp Act passed, the late Mr. Greenville appointed him Stamp Master in Virginia, in which difficult office he acquitted himself with so much diligence and firmness, as justly to entitle him to the entire approbation of Parliament and Administration: And though he was at the head of the list of those Gentlemen who were recommended by the House of Commons to his Majesty, for some adequate employment, when the act was repealed, yet he is the only one of them who has not been provided for. All these circumstances, so highly commendatory of him, with a character perfectly unexceptionable, seem only to have operated as a bar to his preferment: till Lord Dartmouth (who has always been distinguishable for his upright and equitable conduct) rewarded his long neglected merit. The propriety of his choice redounds much to his Lordship's wisdom, as well as to his honour, for Col. Mercer is a man of great talents, and is now appointed by the Ministry.

Mercer's perfect knowledge of that country, his thorough acquaintance with the American laws, and the well known candour, integrity, and firmness of his mind, (exclusive of his other fair pretensions, render him better qualified for that appointment, than almost any other man.

Extract of a letter from Madrid, June 10.

"The liberty which the ships belonging to the Russian fleet in the Mediterranean have lately taken, of anchoring in any of the Spanish ports, without obtaining leave has given much offence to our Ministers, and has occasioned fresh orders to be sent to the Governors of all the ports, not to suffer it for the future."

Extract of a Letter from Warsaw, June 17.

"It is almost inconceivable the distress which the inhabitants of this once flourishing city now experience, from the number of foreign troops which are quartered in the city, the suburbs of Puag, Cracow, &c. and the contiguous country. The number of Russians thus situated amount to 10,000, horse and foot; the Austrians 12,000; and the Prussians at least 15,000. The little cantons and villages, which used to supply the markets of Warsaw with provisions, are now in a manner devoured by the military tyrants, who oblige the peasants to furnish them with all necessaries, at the lowest prices."

Extract of a letter from Cracow, June 18.

"We have just received advice here from Guesin, that the Prussian troops in that city have seized the treasure which was in the Cathedral, amounting to several hundred thousand dollars, and stripped the tomb of St. Adelbert, which was plated over with silver by the King Sigismund III. They have likewise removed those exquisite gates to the Church, which were made of Corinthian brass, and formerly belonged to the monastery at Corinna, in Tuscany. Chersoneus, but were brought to Guesin by Boloscaus II. This step of Prussia is beheld with much astonishment."

Extract of a letter from Hamburg, June 24.

"When his Prussian Majesty reviewed his troops at Marienburgh, the Magistrates of Dantzick dispatched two deputies to compliment him on his safe arrival, and to petition him about a reconciliation with their city. At their arrival they were introduced to him upon the field of review, and as long as they were complementing he appeared very gracious to them, but as soon as they began to petition, he immediately gave them the sign to retire."

"They write from Thorne, that they expect, with terror, to hear his Prussian Majesty's last resolution, as that must fix the fate of their city, and oblige the inhabitants to take the oath of allegiance to him, as they can find no protection from the King of Poland, nor any assistance from the other powers of Europe."

"We learn from the frontiers of Turkey, that the inhabitants of Bulgaria destroy their own houses and corn fields, and fly towards Constantinople, that their effects may not fall into the hands of the Russians."

Extract of a letter from Petersburg, June 25.

By all our accounts here we learn, that the Russians are every way successful against the Turks, except in the black sea, and in the Palus Maotis, where the Turks are victorious, having taken and destroyed most of the Muscovite vessels, and entirely possessed themselves of the city of Asoph, at the mouth of the River Don or Tanais, which they are fortifying with all industry, in order to prevent the future communication of the Russians, with the sea of Asoph and the Black Sea."

Extract of a letter from Constantinople.

"The Turks with much for a peace with Russia upon almost any terms. It is true that the Court of Great Britain interfered, at the beginning of the late armistice, between the two hostile powers, and was willing to act as mediator; but (will it be believed?) the British Ambassador now residing at Constantinople was found entirely unqualified for the task. I do not mean to repeat private scandal; I mention only what is public in the different courts of Europe, and notoriously disgraceful to the power he represents. It is not denied that the whole attention is taken up in supporting acts of violence and personal quarrels with the factory, his secretaries and interpreters. In other countries these quarrels might be confined within the limits of his own walls; but here they are unavoidably divulged, and as unavoidably destroy all personal esteem; and in this part, personal esteem is of infinite value. Little therefore was to be hoped from the mediation of such a Minister."

Extract of a letter from Dantzick, June 26.

"The Emperors of Russia interests herself much in favour of the liberties of this city against the arbitrary views of the King of Prussia. The Count de Golowkin, her Imperial Majesty's minister, has been long engaged in conferences with the Prussian Commander, respecting the settling of the rights, privileges, and liberties of the city on their ancient establishment, and likewise in settling the rates of custom at the port of Dantzick, and the custom house of Wesserdeep, which was farmed to the French by the King of

Prussia, who has returned them the money already received, retracted the deed and restored Wellerdeep, with its contingencies, to the Magistrates of Danzig. However, he insists upon these articles; that he shall have a garrison of 5,000 men, which the citizens must maintain; that they shall pay towards the new walls which are now raising round the suburbs of Alftat, Rechstat, and Voordlat; that an appeal in all criminal cases must be made to him; and that all the vessels coming down the Vistula to Lublin or Danzig, shall pay a certain tax to him, as an acknowledgment of sovereignty."

Extract of a letter from Plymouth, June 30.

"This afternoon Lord Sandwich, and several other persons of distinction, arrived here in one of the royal yachts from Portsmouth; his Lordship has just landed, and was saluted by all the Ships in the harbour. Tomorrow he will take a view of the Shipping, to see that every thing is in a proper Condition; all the Stores are likewise to be examined by his Lordship, and other Lords of the Admiralty."

CHARLESTOWN, August 17.
Proceedings of the Council and General Assembly of the Province of South-Carolina.
Address of the Council to the Honourable William Bull, Lieutenant-Governor.

May it please your Honour,
We, his Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Upper House of Assembly, with an ardent desire to discharge our duty to our most gracious Sovereign, and to the Public, do hereby present to your Honour upon this day, a memorial, which we have considered with great seriousness.

We have much to regret that this truly momentous and important matter, and temper of our minds, should have taken place in all deliberations, and to promote the public good.

The refusal of the Council, we are truly sorry to say, has been upon us ideas of the most alarming nature, and the certain prospect, that the Public Treasury must very shortly stop payment, and the most speedy and most effectual measures taken to prevent so fatal an event, the consequences of which must not only be a great loss to the Public at home, but give a great wound to its credit abroad.

Although we are not the immediate Representatives of the people, yet we are the guardians of the Public; we cannot without a criminal silence, see the honour and the credit of this Province, and a cruel wound by the failure of the Public Treasury; the credit of which has always been, and is as yet, at least, equal to the credit of any in America.

Upon examining the Treasury accounts, it appeared to this House, that on the first day of June last, the sum of 127,674l. was due on account of public duties, of which large sum the Treasurer could not procure one shilling: That only the small sum of 10,000l. was actually in the Treasury, issuable upon the many and large demands to which it is liable, and that various sums to the amount of 158,476l. had at divers times been drawn out of the Treasury, by virtue of laws directing such sums to be advanced, out of any of the funds, which afterwards to be replaced by a general tax, as is usual in such cases.

The trading part of this Province may now sincerely lament that a tax bill has not been passed into a law since the year 1769. If tax bills had been passed since that time, they would as usual have replaced in the Treasury that large sum of money of 158,476l. and by that means at this day, the sum of 168,476l. would actually be in the Treasury, issuable and ready, as it ought to be, to answer every legal demand; in such a case, no failure in the Treasury could have been apprehended, and therefore there would not have been any necessity to compel the payment of the money due to the Treasury on account of duties.

In justice as well to the Public as to this House, we do assure your Honour, that at all times we have been ready to give our concurrence to any tax bill which could be of public benefit, framed upon the fundamental principles of the constitution; and this House does assure your Honour, that it has given our concurrence to any tax bill which has been brought up to us since the year 1769, we should have surrendered our rights as Legislators, and should thereby have betrayed that constitution by which we are bound to regulate our proceedings.

Possessed as we are of the tender sentiments of humanity, and unwilling to create distress to any part of the community, yet anxious for the public credit, we cannot but recur to the indispensable duties of our station. We do therefore most humbly address your Honour, that you will be pleased to order the Attorney-General to compel those persons who have been longest indebted for public duties forthwith, to pay into the Public Treasury the sum of 50,000l. and that your Honour at the same time will be pleased to order the Attorney-General, that after the expiration of three months, he shall call for the remainder of the sum

owing for duties on the first day of June last, to be paid as soon as may be possible.

By order of the House
EGERTON LEIGH.
In the Upper House of Assembly,
August 13th, 1773.

Sir Egerton Leigh reported, that this House had presented their address to his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, and that his Honour had been pleased to make the following answer to it.

Honourable Gentlemen,
I SHALL without loss of time give such directions as may prevent the alarming event relative to the Public Treasury, mentioned in your address, and this I shall take care to do in such manner, and such periods, as shall appear to me to be generally conducive to that end, which I hope will create no distress to any part of the community, as I intend it shall be a few inconveniences to the persons concerned, as can consist with the public service.

August 14, 1773. WILLIAM BULL.
(To be continued.)

BOSTON, August 30.
We have this day a ship belonging to Capt. Boyd of Portsmouth, which lately came from the West-Indies, and was sent away the 15th inst. to the eastward of Cape Cod; the vessel will be lost, but the cargo saved.

We hear that the Rev. Mr. Ebenezer Kneeland, Chaplain to his Majesty's 59th regiment of foot, has received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from the University of Dublin.

PROVIDENCE, August 14.
A very valuable lead mine has lately been discovered between Richmond and New Casaan, near Pittsfield; a sample of which has been brought to this town. The ore, we are told, is so rich, that in melting, it loses only one quarter in weight. It lies near the place agreed on for running a line between the colony of New-York and province of Massachusetts-Bay; so that it is not yet known in which government it will fall.

A copper mine is likewise discovered at New Ashford, adjoining New-Providence, a sample of which has also been produced here, and promises much advantage to the proprietor.

HARTFORD, August 23.
Monday last week, as Mr. Giles Roberts of Middletown was running to save his little boy from the danger of a tree his son was then falling, he was struck in such a manner on the head, that he expired immediately, while the child escaped without any hurt. He has left a poor widow and ten children.

BALTIMORE, (in Maryland) August 28.
They write from Newbern, in North-Carolina, that his Excellency Governor Martin, hath received instructions from his Majesty for shutting up the Land Office in that province, and that similar orders are sent to all the Governors on the continent.

PHILADELPHIA, September 1.
Capt. Nichols from Jamaica, the 7th ult. off Jamaica, spoke Capt. Conway in a sloop from Georgia for Honduras Bay, out 21 days; on the 11th in the Bite of Leogane, he spoke the big Rebecca, Capt. Sands from New-York for Jamaica, out 21 days, all well; the 23d in lat. 34, long. 74, he spoke Capt. Jones in a brig from Jamaica for Baltimore; on the 25th 30 leagues S. E. of the Capes of Virginia, he spoke Captain Powers, in a brig from Maryland for Cadix. The snow Sally, Capt. Jones, with 80 Palatines, sailed from Gravesend for this port the 7th of July.

NEW-YORK, SEPTEMBER 9.
Saturday Evening last the Earl of Halifax Packet, Capt. Bolderfon, arrived here with the Mail in 7 Weeks and one Day from Falmouth; but has brought no later News than what we have by Way of Philadelphia.

Capt. Offat, in 25 Days from Pensacola, the 18th of August, spoke with a Spanish Ship from Carthagen, with Troops on board, for the Havannah.

With Capt. Offat came Passengers, the Hon. Philip Livingston, Esq; Secretary of the Province of West Florida; the Hon. John Wood, Esq; one of his Majesty's Council for Virginia; and Mr. Evan Jones, and Mr. Joseph Blackwell, Merchants of Pensacola.

The Ship Sally, Capt. Brown, from Portsmouth, in Virginia, for London, put in here last Friday in Distress, having sprung a Leak, and had both Pumps choked, 13 Days out.

The Brig Expedition, Capt. Watson, in 6 Weeks and 3 Days from Fogo, in Newfoundland, the 14th ult. in Lat. 39, Long. 63, spoke with the Brig Charming Kitty, from London for Maryland, with Commodore, and the same Day he also spoke with Capt. Andrews, in a Snow from Boston, for the West-Indies.

Last Week arrived the Brig Jamaica, Capt. James Farquhar, from Savannah La

Marr, in Jamaica:—August 19, spoke a Brig from Montego Bay, bound to Rhode-Island, James Eales, Master, out ten Days; Lat. 24, 9, North Long. 83, 6, West.—August 23, spoke a Sloop, from Jamaica, bound to New-York, out 16 Days, Thomas Boulton, Master.

Just before Capt. Farquhar's Departure, from Jamaica, an Express arrived there on his Way to Kingston, to solicit Assistance against the rebellious Negroes at Honduras, who were murdering and destroying every Person and Thing in their Way.

Thursday last his Excellency Governor Livingston, and his Lady, arrived from Albany, and took up their abode in Livingston's Manor.

When well informed, that Mr. B. Roman, the Publisher of the new Maps of the United Counties, had nominated King's Boatman for the Florida's, with a handsome Appointment.

Wednesday the 18th instant, at the House of John Philip Livingston, Esq; at Strawberry-Hill, in Dutchess County, died Frederick De Puyser, Esq; a Gentleman universally beloved, and lamented by an extensive Acquaintance.

Last Sunday Afternoon, an excellent Sermon was preached in the Gael of this City, by the Rev. Dr. Rogers, before the unhappy Prisoner now under Sentence of Death—Matthew IX. and Part of the 13th Verse.—I am not come to call the Righteous, but Sinners to Repentance.

And on Wednesday Afternoon another excellent Sermon was preached by the Rev. Mr. Page, before the same unhappy Man, who made choice of the Text himself, after Mr. Page came into his Room;—and which was in the following Words, viz. Job XIX. Verses 23, 24, 25, and 26.—9th that my Words were now written! Oh that they were printed in a Book!—That they were graven with an Iron Pen and Lead, in the Rock forever!—For I know that My Redeemer liveth, and that he shall stand at the latter Day upon the Earth.—And though after my Skin, Worms destroy this Body, yet in my Flesh shall I see God.

On Monday last, after a short Illness, died in his 32d Year, Mr. Thomas Gauldet, Tobaccoist and Distiller—many Years an Inhabitant of this City, on honest worthy Man, respected and lamented, by all his Acquaintance.

On Monday Evening was brought to Town a very large and remarkable Sea Tortoise, of a Species before unknown here. It weighed, we hear, upwards of 800 Pounds, from the Head to the Tail measured about 7 Feet, half as much in Width, and in thickness about 15 Inches through the Middle of the Back. The fore Fins are about 14 inches broad, and upwards of 3 Feet Long, and between the Extremities, when extended sideways, measured 8 Feet, the two hind Fins, were about half as long as the Foreones and proportionably broad. The Shell was mark'd into six Divisions, exactly resembling a Clinker built Boat, the joining of each Division rising a little above the rest in a sharp Ridge; that on the middle of the Back being most prominent, and the Shell in the two upper Divisions of it, much harder than the rest, but those not very hard, the rest so tender that it seem'd not much harder than the Skin of a Porpoise. The Shell, which was of a black Colour, did not overhang the Flesh, but join to it on the same equal Surface, except about 9 Inches which projected, and ended in a Point, over the Tail. The Head, which extended about a Foot beyond the Edge of the Shell, had nothing singular in it, except that it had Teeth in the Mouth. The Fishermen reported that they had seen this Animal in the Sound at different Times for a Week or two before they took it, which they did last Thursday at Rye by striking a gig into it through the Back, from whence issued a prodigious Quantity of Blood, notwithstanding which Wound, it lived till Tuesday last. The Fish is probably as good as any other Sea Tortoise, but as it is an unknown Animal, no Body seems inclinable to eat it.

Yesterday a little before Noon, a young Man named Joseph Whelpley, a Carpenter, being at work on the Roof of a two Story House on the Albany Dock, the Scaffold gave Way, and he fell to the ground Head foremost upon a parcel of Stones, by which his Head was terribly cut to the Bone, but the Skull did not appear to be fractured; however, he was otherwise so much hurt by the fall, that there was but little Hope of his Recovery.

Doct. Lee, lately elected one of the Sheriffs of London, is a Son of the Hon. Thomas Lee Esq; late President of his Majesty's Council of Virginia, and Brother to the Hon. Philip Ludwell Lee now out of the same Council.

Captain-Rush, New-York, Ireland Entries.

Big George, T. Soper, Hispaniola; Johnston, M. White, Jamaica; Ranger, A. Helme, St. Martin. Sloop New Windsor Packet, W. Red, N. Carolina; Dispatch, T. Brown, Jamaica; Peggy, J. Hyde, N. Carolina; Joseph, S. Lindsey, Boston; George, S. Griffin, St. Martin.

Forward, Big Expedition, J. Watson, Newfoundland. Schooner Experiment, J. Darrell, Madag. Sloop New York packet, J. Hunt, S. Caro-

lin; Mary, R. Blake, St. Vincent; Helms, A. Brown, St. Vincent; Sloop, A. Kitch, St. Martin; Joseph, S. Lindsey, St. Martin.
—General Ship Father's Gold Will, R. Mourning London. Brig Peggy, B. Tiffin, Quebec. Schooner Sloop, J. Roberts, St. Martin. Sloop Peggy & Betty, D. Ferguson, Hispaniola; Sloop, W. White, Philadelphia; Columbus, J. Turner, Carolina; Palmer, C. Coffin, Westchester; Polly, E. Henry, Maryland; Dolphin, J. Sanford, R. Hunt; Charlotte, J. Colman, Maryland; Milliken, N. Lawrence, Newfoundland.

To the Public in general, but in particular, to the Subscribers to Jones and Car's Gazette.

IN an Address, (published in Parker and Anderson's Paper at last Monday) which my late Partner, Anthony Car, has made to his Advertisement, he has equally manifested his Ignorance and the Malvolence of his Disposition towards me.—He says he is assured five Persons have paid me Money since the Disposition of the Partnership; and hopes no Person will attempt to pay any more until accounts are properly settled.—Now, how he expects to have the Accounts settled, is a Mystery to me, for he will not come near me, altho' I have frequently sent for him on that Account.—I have also repeatedly sent him Word, I was willing to deliver the Books of the Partnership into the Hands of any two creditable Persons in this City, (one of whom he should choose) for them to settle, had to say in whole Favour the Balance was;—but Car knowing within himself, he should fall more in my Debt than he should ever be able to pay, still continues making choice of any Person to take the Books;—and at the same Time keeps himself close, so that I have no Opportunity of settling with him;—and yet he has the Confidence to advertise against any Person's paying the Money.—

As I cannot have the Pleasure of seeing Mr. Car, I hereby inform him, that if he does not come and settle with me, I shall be under an immediate Necessity of using Measures to oblige him to it, which will be very disagreeable to him, as well as to me.

I also now beg Leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen who were Subscribers to our Paper, or who otherwise employed us on Credit, that they may with the greatest Safety, pay their Accounts to the Subscriber, who will give a proper Discharge for any Debt they may owe the Partnership; which will be gratefully acknowledged by one who always hopes to prove himself, the Public's most obedient, and obliged humble servant,

New-York, }
Sept. 8, 1773. } SAMUEL INSLEE.

Mrs. C O L E,
From LONDON, WORKER IN
TAMBOUR AND EMBROIDERY,
Has taken apartments at Mr. Matthew Russell's, almost opposite to Mr. Andrew Hamer's, near Coenties Market; where the works in TAMBOUR, ladies robes, ruffles, muffs, tippets, work bags, quadrille baskets, Gentlemen's waistcoats, knee garters, sword knots, &c. Any LADIES and GENTLEMEN who favour her with their commands, may depend upon her best endeavours to please, particularly in propriety of shading and elegance of design.
N. B. She teaches LADIES the TAMBOUR WORK expeditiously, and on the most reasonable terms.

Left for SALE
With Mr. THOMAS PEARSAL,
WATCH MAKER, at his Shop between
Beekman and Nuring's Slip, in Queen-Street.
A VERY good Gold repeat-
ing WATCH, which can be recommended
by the Watch-Maker who examined it, as a Piece
of extraordinary good Workmanship, and will be
disposed of at a very low Price.

Just now arrived from Philadelphia,
DOCTOR HILL'S
Newly improved, great
STOMACHICK TINCTURE.
THIS is a very excellent Medicine for all weak
Stomachs; it gives a good healthy appetite
and a sound digestion; and as the most diseases
have certainly their origin in a weak stomach, so
by the use of this Tincture they may be prevented.
ALSO, a fresh quantity of
Doct. HILL'S AMERICAN BALSAM,
Of which the goodness is now so well known in
America, as being an infallible and the most in-
nocent, sure and effectual medicine for any disor-
ders in the breast, short breath, cold, cough,
swimming in the head, and for children in the
whooping cough, and in most other disorders. By
the proper use of this Balsam for a reasonable time,
many have also received great benefit and relief,
and some are effectually cured of the most painful
rheumatism, colic, gravel and in consumption.
Dr. Hill's own directions, printed in London, are
wrapt about each bottle: The price therein men-
tioned is meant for the money; but, for the benefit
of the poor, it is allowed to be sold in New-York
for 4s. 1ed. a bottle, and by the dozen, 4s. 4d. a
bottle currency; and to prevent counterfeiting,
this American Balsam, and the newly improved great
Stomachick Tincture, is only, by appointment, to be
sold by
MICHAEL HOFFMAN,
Shop-keeper in Broad-Way, near the
Orange-Market,
and by no body else in New-York.

New-York, September 5, 1773.
ALL persons indebted to the
Estate of John Hoffman, late of this City,
Cabinet-maker, deceased, are hereby desired im-
mediately to settle and pay their accounts; and all
those who have any demands against the said estate,
in order that they may be adjusted and paid, are
desired, with all convenient speed, to bring them
in properly proved and attested, to Jeremiah Wool,
or William Warner, executors of the last will and
testament of the said John Hoffman.

To be Let, on easy Terms,
ON the Flats at Rhinebeck,
Dutchess County, two Miles from Kipopus
Ferry, and on the King's Road; a House in good
repair, with a Barn, small Orchard, and eleven
Acres of good level Land;—the Situation very
convenient for a Store or Tavern.—For further Par-
ticulars, apply to the Printer.

POET'S CORNER

The *Anti-Slavery Bazaar*, on the
Memory of the late *Rev. Augustus*, August 14,
1833.

BEHOOLD the Slave! his burning Gables glow,
The hoodwink'd Sun from world-wide Slaves
And genial Show'rs descend, we scarce
The kindly Flash now darts in lambent Ray
From his sulphurous bosom to purge the Day.
Alas how black are England's ev'ning Stars!
Whence all these beams of Rapture catch from
Aurora's joy, they hail the joyful Morn,
The vocal hills exult to the strain,
The gladsome Band the plaudits loudly pour,
While Heart's soft music in timely showers
And soul's I be untold, say Confidence! why
The Tear of anguish falls this ev'ning Eye?
Whence start these Gossams, and why this Tremor?

THE fellow, why a Miniature of Nell?
Ye mucky Skies your deepest Shades display,
O hide me, shield me from the Face of Day,
Ye potent Clouds! assist me with your Tears,
Away! in glooms sad Semblance of my Fears.
O could a Flash of Joy like Lightning fly,
And dart one Gleam of Comfort o'er I die!
Ope! ope happy plumb'd with Honour's Crest,
Gay, with the gay Companions of the Feast;
But quest Ambition shook her Rattle near,
I felt, like Eve, the Serpent at her Ear.
Caught with the Snares, my Paradise I lost,
How small the Purchase, and how dear the Cost!
How chang'd! how fallen! now I curse the Hour,
That once seduc'd me with a Lust of Power.
Lo! the Day (dreaded and forlorn,
Depos'd, hated) that a Wretch was born,
While you blest Freedom's Sons! Afflict me,
Consign to Mirth the Day of our Defeat.
Methinks I see you crowd the ample Plain,
Cloth'd with new Verdure from the recent Rain.
Earth breathes fresh Incense, Nature blooms around,
While Heav'n's consenting bids your Joys abound.
O'er the convivial Board, much envied State!
That Board now groaning with its gen'rous Freight,
I see you, hear you, laugh at our Expence,
Our mimic Virtue, or our lame Defence.
While nervous Toasts to plaudive Worlds proclaim
Your glorious Triumphs, and our lasting Shame.
While we a haggard, disappointed few,
Mourn and curse, 'tis all we have to do.
Not the gay Chariot, nor the Pension brings
Balm to a Conscience rankling with its Stings.
Not all the Spoils our blackest Treason brought,
Nor all the Trappings mad Ambition fought,
Can give that Peace which springs from honest Fame,
Or shield a TRAITOR from the Shaft of Shame.

ODE to LIBERTY.

HAIL Parent of each manly Joy,
Nurse of each liberal Art!
Thou Pleasure bring'st without Alloy;
Thy Presence cheers the Heart.
Thou mak'st Britannia blithe and gay,
Benign, thy Influence cheers the happy Day.
For thee our great Forefathers fought,
For thee they bravely died;
Thro' every Danger they they fought
And Freedom and Death defied.
To all her Sons, Britannia says, Be free!
And noble Sidney* wrote and died for thee.
Kind with thy Charms, the Gallant Swede,
To gloomy Mines retires;
Determined to regain (or bleed)
The Freedom of his Sire.
Each honest Briton does thy Name revere
And more than Life to him thy Rights are dear.
Oh! may Britannia's Sons disdain
To barter thee for Gold!
And rather Toil endure, and Pain,
Than let their Rights be sold.
Long, long may Britain share thy grateful Smile
And fill remain the freest, happiest Isle.
And in America her Offspring be
As happy as herself, as brave and free.

* *Algeron Sidney*, who was beheaded for writing
in Defence of Liberty.
† *Guy Ridd*, who when the Liberties of his
Country were invaded by the King of Denmark, re-
tired to the Copper Mines and there laboured as a
common Servant, till an opportunity offered of deliv-
ering his Country, in which he happily succeeded.

TO BE SOLD.

THE Dwelling House
and Farm belonging to
the Estate of the late Col.
RICKETTS, deceased, situated in
Elizabeth Town, on the Road be-
tween the Court-House and the
Fair. The House is large and very convenient,
and accommodated with all the Out-Houses that can
be wanted. The Barn, Coach-House, &c. are ex-
cellent, with every Convenience, in that Way,
which a Gentleman or Farmer can desire. The
Garden contains several Acres of Ground, and
abounds with a large and elegant Collection of
Fruit, which it has been the Work of many Years
carefully to collect, from England, as well as from
all Parts of America. The Quantity of Grapes, in
a good Year, is sufficient to produce two or three
Pipes of Wine. Belonging to the House is a good
Farm of between 300 and 400 Acres, containing
all the Variety that can be wanted for Mowing,
Pasture, and Tillage, with Wood-Land and Salt
Meadow. Besides the internal Qualities of this
well-known Place, it has many other Advantages to
recommend it to a Gentleman; such as its being
within 15 Miles of the City of New-York, either
by Land or Water, and but one Mile from the re-
markably pleasant and healthy Village of Elizabeth
Town, which has many genteel and agreeable Fa-
milies residing in and about it, with a regular and
plentiful Market to supply their Tables, and the
farther Convenience of two of the best Grammar
Schools in the Country. A greater or less Quantity
of Land will be sold with the House, at the Pur-
chaser may like, and immediate Possession will
be given to the Purchaser. For farther Particulars,
inquire of PATER VAN BAVON LIVINGSTON,
Esq; in New-York, or of the Subscriber in Elizabeth
Town.
THOMAS B. CHANDLER.
Feb. 2nd, 1773.

Ready for the Press,
And shortly will be published
A
VIENATION OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND,
From the
CLERGY, MISREPRESENTATIONS
MALICIOUS ABUSE
T. H. O. M. A. S. E. L. A. N. E.
In his last entitled
A PLEA for the NON-CONFORMISTS,
By SAMUEL SEABURY, A. M.
Rector of West-Cliff, in the Province of New-
York, and a Minister from the Ministry for old
England in all the Churches, &c. &c.
Printed by J. B. B. in New-York, at the Book-
shop in the City.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away on Monday Af-
ternoon, SEBASTIAN MASON, an Eng-
lish Servant Man, who arrived here the latter End
of May, from Bristol; he is about five Feet four In-
ches high, twenty-eight years of Age, wears his own
short lightish coloured Hair, stoops as he walks, his
voice is hoarse, and his manner of speaking is very
remarkable: Had on, when he went away, an old
Hat, white shirt, green cloth Coat and Jacket, red
Trowsers, white Stockings and new shoes.—
Whoever apprehend the said Servant, shall have
the above Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid
by (the Printer or) JOHN DUNLAP.
N. B. It is supposed he is gone towards New-
York, and changed some of his Clothes for a short
blue Jacket, and orange-brown Trowsers, such as Sail-
ors sometimes wear.

As the Partnership of

ROBERT and JOHN MURRAY,
is now nearly expired.

THEY request all Persons

indebted to them either by Bond, Note, or
Book Account, now due, to make immediate Pay-
ment, that they may be enabled to Close the Ac-
counts of said Co-Partnership; otherwise they will
be under the disagreeable Necessity of putting their
Bonds, Notes, &c. into the Hands of a Lawyer.
They have still on Hand, an Assortment of Goods
suitable to the Season, which they will sell off at a
very low Rate for Cash only.



JOHN SIMON, FURRIER,
In Dock-Street, opposite Mr. Holt's Printing Office,
near the Coffee-House.

WILL give the HIGHEST

PRICE, at all Times, for GROUND
EQUIPAGES AND MOLE SKINS, as also for any
other Sorts of FURS.
N. B. He will have ready for SALE, towards
the Season, a general Assortment of new, fashioned
Muffs, Tippets, Ermins, &c. &c. &c.

OGDEN'S PILLS,

For the Cure of the
DYSENTERY, or BLOODY FLUX;
To be sold by Mr. Nicholas

Hoffman, Merchant, Mr. William Stewart
Druggist, in New-York; and the Printer hereof.
The whole Boxes at 5 Dollars, the half Boxes at one
Dollar each.
Beside the happy Effects arising from the Use of
the above Pills, in the Cure of the Bloody Flux—
they have been found of late to have been excellent
in the Cure of the Vomiting and Purging of
Children; at this Season of the Year, if about a
third of a Dose, as ordered in the Directions for the
Bloody Flux, be given Evening and Morning, or
about a third of a Dose every Morning.
The Colic Pills, are to be had at the same Places,
in Boxes of 25 and 40.

For PISCATAWAY,

THE Brigantine
Lawrel, One Hundred
Masters, will sail in ten
Days, for Freight or Pas-
sage, apply to the said Mas-
ter on board, lying at Cap-
tain Moore's Wharf, near
Beekman's Slip.

Mr. H O A R,

DESIRES to inform the Pub-
lic, and more especially his former Scholars,
whose favour, he flatters himself, is secured by his
assiduous attention to their improvement; that he
purpose, on Monday the 10th Inst. September, to
open his Dancing-School, for the ensuing season,
at his rooms in King-Street, in the house lately oc-
cupied by Capt. Alexander McDonald; on the same
plan, terms, and rules, which have been heretofore
presented to the public, and may now be seen at
that place.

The advantages which many of his Scholars
received, in the course of a short tuition, give him
the pleasing expectations, that their parents will in-
dulge him with their good offices in his behalf.
Mr. Hoar, in a particular manner, wishes that
the young gentlemen of this city, from a desire of
whom, he has already experienced many acts of
friendship, may know that he has prepared from
London, a capital master, in the science of defence,
or a proper management of the single rapier, who
will assist him in that department, at the time ap-
propriated for the teaching of so valuable an accomplish-
ment as which, with the terms, will hereafter be
made known.
General apartments to be let, at the above
house.

RICHARD DEANE,

DISTILLER.
TAKES this Method to re-
turn his sincere Thanks to all his Friends
and Customers for their past Favours, and
to acquaint them, he has now ready for Sale, at his
Distillery between the College and the North-River,
in *Murray Street*, near *New-Hall*,
A Quantity of neat Bran, &c. &c.
Raspberry Brandy,
Cherry Brandy,
Cherry rum,
Brandy shrub,
Shrub of Jamaica spirits,
Ginger,
Spirits of Wine,
Jamaica spirits,
Rum, &c. &c.
A good Quality of said DEANE'S LIQUORS,
has several Years past been well experienced;
but in particular Manner this last Year—as
the quantity for them have exceeded his Expecta-
tion.

It is determined, if possible, to
supply the Demand by long Experience,
that the above Liquors are a speedy Sale of
the above Liquors, and a great many of full Qua-
lity, at a moderate Price, as determined
to sell at a moderate Price, as determined
and good Liquors, which, in any other
Endowment to give good Liquors, will be
the constant Supply of the
Public's very pleasure, and very

Remarkably well situated house

and lot of land, containing one acre—
The house has 4 rooms on a spot, with an entry,
extraordinarily well situated for a merchant's
store and tavern, and which has always been kept in said
house; on said lot is also a commodious summer-
house, and other conveniences proper to enter-
tain Gentlemen; an extraordinary good pump and
barn, and also fruit trees of diverse kinds. For fur-
ther particulars, inquire of Mr. Coleman, merchant,
living on the premises; Mr. William Trimmer,
currier, in Clark's Town, or Mr. John Weaver,
tailor, at Kakeat Orange county; which last
alone will give an indisputable title for the same.
August 2, 1773.

WHEREAS the Gentlemen who were, by the

Company of military adventurers appointed a
Committee, to reconnoiter the lands on the river
Mississippi, &c. &c. are now returned, and ready
to make their report to said Company; And where-
as they have many things to communicate, wherein
the Company are deeply concerned, and a speedy
meeting of the Company being necessary to prevent
the loss of every advantage they expect from said
lands; as there is now a large tract of said lands in
reserve for said Company for a certain time, which,
unless by them, soon taken up, will be disposed of
to others; there being a great number both from
Europe and America, continually making settle-
ments in that country. All, and every of the mem-
bers of said Company, who are desirous of sup-
porting their rights to said land, are therefore, hereby
desired, either by themselves or attorneys, to
meet at the Court-House in Hartford, on the first
Wednesday of October next, to consider what they
will do about making a settlement on said land;
and to consider any other matters that may there be
laid before said meeting.

P. LYMAN,
ALEX WOLCOTT,
ELIHU HUMPHRY,
DANIEL BULL,
Windfor, August 19, 1773

JOHN MORTON

Has just come to hand per the Dutchess of Gor-
don, Capt. Winn, and Samson, Capt. Coupar,
from London, and the late Vessel from Bristol:

A Very neat assortment of

European and India goods, well adapted to
the present season; amongst which are, very hand-
some single and double purple calicoes, India and
English chintz; blue and white, and red and white
cotton furniture, purple do. blue and white, and
red and white copper plate do. red and white,
and blue and white binding, calico, 7-8 and 4-4
cambricks and lawns; blue and white, and red and
white striped gingham, China muslin and Per-
sian, new silk-romals, bandannoes, brown and white
drillings, brown and white Russia sheetings; 7-8 and
4-4 Irish lins, from 1s. 8d. to 9s. per yard,
Irish sheeting and dowlas; superfine and middling
broad-cloths, with many other articles too tedious
to enumerate.

CHINA,

Consisting of table and tea table sets complete,
blue and white, and enamel'd jars and beakers;
blue and white enamel'd tea pots, sugar dishes and
milk pots; blue and white and enamel'd breakfast
and afternoon cups and saucers, by the box or small-
er quantity; blue and white, and enamel'd bowls,
from half a pint to a gallon; odd dishes, plates and
tureens; blue and white and enamel'd, odd cups
and saucers, &c. &c. all of which he will dispose of
on the lowest terms, for cash or the usual credit, at
his store on Hunter's Quay.

FIVE DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living at Still-
Water, Albany County, the 2d of July last,
an indentured Irish servant, named Kees Blane, about
20 or 25 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high,
well made, short black hair, has a scar on one of
his cheeks (supposed to be on the right). Had on
an outside green jacket, the lining torn out, an un-
der striped flannel waistcoat, orange-brown trowsers,
coarse black shirt, a pair of turned pumps, and a
thick black hat, with a red stain on the crown. It is
supposed that he is gone to New-York. Whoever
takes up said Run-away, or secures him in any of
his Majesty's gale, so that his master may have him
again, shall be entitled to the above reward, and all
other reasonable charges paid, either by John Jones,
Tavern-keeper, near the Exchange, in New-York,
or Mr. John Black, living in Still-Water.
New-York, August 23, 1773.
N. B. He has a good deal of the brogue, or
Irish accent in his speech.

GEORGIA (Augusta) May 25.

Both the Creeks and the Cherokees are
arrived, the first, it is said) to the number
of 200, and the Cherokees to the number of
300. One of Mr. Galphin's traders
brought word from the Creeks, that they
had received a message from the Cherokees,
importing, that the aim of the white people,
in inviting the head men of both nations to
come to Augusta, was to have an opportu-
nity of cutting them all off, in order to get
their country more easily, and that they,
the Cherokees, would not go to the Con-
gress: The view of the latter, by coming
in such numbers, notwithstanding that mes-
sage, seems to have been to frighten some of
the Creeks from coming, that they might
have the superiority, and be able to talk
more boldly. Another reason for some of
the Creeks staying behind, or turning back,
is said to be the receiving an account of a
party of theirs being cut off by the Choctaws,
the particulars of which are thus re-
lated. Twenty Creeks went out on an ex-
pedition against the Choctaws, and were so
bold as to penetrate among their towns,
where lying in wait near one of their wa-
tering places, they saw two Choctaws com-
ing to fetch water, at whom they fired,
and killed one of them, the other made his
escape, and alarmed the town, the inhabi-
tants of which immediately ran to arms,
and went in pursuit of the enemy: The
Creeks finding themselves discovered, made
off as fast as they could, but mistaking their
road, they went straight upon another
town of the Choctaws, which also being al-
armed, they were in a choice left than
to fight the Creeks, or to make their
escape; they fought till almost all of their
number being killed, the remainder fled
themselves cut off from all means of
escape, were taken, and were near,
and kept themselves close to their
mouths and noses, in order
to find them out, and to shoot sharp ends,
and went pushing and pushing about in the
water, by which means they found them
all out except one, who was withstanding
was pushed at, and shot two or three
times, withstood the shot, after the
Choctaws had gone, and those they
found, made his escape, and came alone
with the bad news, and Alexander
Cameron, Esq; arrived the day.

S A L E M, August 11.

A Correspondent at Newbury Port has fo-
cused us with the following further ac-
count of the late Hurricane.

Saturday, August 14, between 7 and 8
o'clock in the Morning, a violent Tempest
or Hurricane arose, and took its Course from
the East, first struck Salisbury Point, and
following the Course of Merrimack River,
spread Devastation before it, for about the
Space of a Mile in Width, by levelling with
the Ground several well built Houses, al-
most new, unroofing others, tearing down
Shops, and shattering more or less, almost
every House and Building from Salisbury
Point to about a quarter of a Mile above
Almsbury Ferry.—Captain Smith, of Be-
verly, was sitting in a Sailmaker's Loft at
Almsbury, when the Hurricane came, and
in a Moment he and the whole Building were
carried away together, the Edifice rent in
Pieces and dispersed, and the unhappy Man
found lying senseless by the Side of a Piece
of Timber, at the Edge of Pawaw River,
ninety four Feet distant from the Site of the
Loft he was carried from; and a large
White-Oak Post, fourteen Feet in Length,
and 12 by 10 Inches, was transported 138
Feet. Two new Vessels of 90 Tons Burthen,
were carried sideways near 20 Feet from the
Stocks, through the Air; and a very large
Bundle of Shingles taken from the Ground
and thrown near 330 Feet in an opposite Di-
rection to that of the Post above-mentioned,
and at right Angles to the Course the Vessels
were carried.—Large Trees were torn up
by the Roots and cast into Pawaw River:
Very large Oak Planks hurled with almost
the Velocity of Cannon Balls through the
Roofs of Houses: Fences split into very
small Pieces, and dispersed over the Ground:
The Trees of whole Orchards eradicated:
Many Persons buried in their Cellars, but
were dug out without receiving any Hurt
(except what was very slight).—All this
terrible Scene was produced in the short
Space of about 5 Minutes: But notwith-
standing Chimnies falling, Houses racked in
Pieces, large Oak Planks from the Stages of
Vessels, and many more Instruments of Death,
whistling with the most surprising Rapidity
through the Air, and surrounding the af-
frighted Inhabitants, no Lives were lost, or
any Bone fractured, except Capt. Smith's,
whose Leg was broke, and his Head and
other Parts terribly contused! And an aged
Woman, who, as she escaped from the
Ruins of her own House, had both her Legs
broken by a large Oak Plank from one of the
Vessels.—In fine, the Havock that amazing
Element had made at Salisbury Point and
Almsbury, is almost past Conception or De-
scription.

EVANCK,
 And to be sold at their Store, near Burlington-Slip,
 A few **BALES** of excellent
COTTON.
 They have likewise for **S A L E,**
Jamaica spirits, West-India
 and New-York rum, wine, brandy and Geneva;
 choice molasses, pot, and lump sugar, melasses,
 tobacco, coffee, rice, allspice, ginger; best
 West-India rum, chocolate, nutmegs, allum,
 and various other goods. **West-Chester PORK, &c.**
 98, 7

FRANKLIN,
 his Store near Beck-
 quantity of very good
 also Pimento;
 Essence of balm of Gile-
 ad,
 Essence of pepper mint,
 Jesuits drops,
 British oil,
 The genuine **CAROLINA PINKROOT**;
 of most excellent quality; and very
 with directions adapted to
 99—

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,
 For disposing of a House and Lot of Ground, &c. now
 in the Possession of William Elsworth.
 The Lottery consists of 1900 Tickets, viz.
 1. A house and Lot in Queen-
 street, near Burlington-Slip, New-
 York, valued by sworn ap-
 praisers at £1400, and now
 rents for £70 per an. and the
 taxes, ————— £1400 0 0
 2. A house and lot of two acres in
 the town of Norwich, New-
 London county, in Connecticut, 30 0 0
 3. Prizes of plate, furniture, &c.
 the highest of which is £100, the
 lowest £10. 5
 amounting in the whole to 290 10 0
 4. Cash prizes, at 30s. each, is 631 10 0
 455 Prizes,
 1440 Blanks. £1580 0 0
 1900 Tickets, at 25s. each, is £1580 0 0
 A blank deed is already made for the house, and
 the adventurers may be assured, that the fortunate
 number which shall draw that and the lot of
 ground, shall be put into possession as soon as the
 Lottery is drawn, which will be on Tuesday the
 6th day of July instant, if answers are received in
 time—from the several persons who had tickets to
 dispose of in this lottery—when the fortunate num-
 bers will be printed in hand-bills, and the prizes
 punctually paid, subject to no deduction.
WILLIAM ELSWORTH.
 Some of the tickets yet remaining unsold, may
 be had of Mr. Verdine Elsworth, at Powles Hook,
 where the Lottery is to be drawn 46—

WILLIAM ELSWORTH.
FINDS himself under an absolute Necessity to
 postpone the Drawing of his Lottery, till the
 first Tuesday of September next; as he has not yet
 had Returns from several of his Friends, who had
 a considerable Number of his Tickets to dispose of;
 As the Prizes are already rolled up, and ready to
 put in the Box; it is earnestly requested, that all
 those who were entrusted with Tickets, will be care-
 ful to account for, or return them by the Time a-
 bove mentioned, when the Lottery will be certain-
 ly drawn.
 Orders for Tickets directed to Mr. Verdine Elsworth,
 at Powles Hook, (who has some of the
 Tickets still to dispose of) and left with Mr. Wil-
 liam Elsworth on Golden Hill, or the Printer here-
 of, will be immediately forwarded. 46—

PHILIP KISSICK,
DISTILLER and VINTNER,
 At the upper End of Queen-Street, has for Sale,
MADEIRA and Teneriff
 Wine, Jamaica spirits, West-India and
 New-York Rum; brandy and Geneva, (very little
 inferior to French brandy or Holland's gin) anniseed,
 clove, cinnamon, citron and orange waters, and
 Doctor Stephens' s. wholesale and retail at the very
 lowest prices, for cash or short credit. 71—
 N. B. Also, pipes, bottles, earthen ware, and
 office.

Just imported, in the Ship *Albany*, Capt.
James Bunyan, and to be sold by
WILLIAM BAYLEY,
 At his Store in Beaver-Street, late Mr. PARKER'S
 Printing-Office—and at his Store in the Fry-Market;
A NEAT and General Assortment of all kinds
 of hard Ware, steel and elegant painted Tea
 Trays, of the newest Fashion, painted Buff-
 Boxes; tooth pick Cases, a set of travelling Bottles; and
 a few very neat fowling Pieces, with Spanish Bar-
 rels,—and sundry other Articles, which he will
 sell on the most reasonable terms. 99—3

Just publish'd, and to be sold by the Printer,
 A short Discourse at the Funeral of an amiable
 young Lady, on the following Text, chosen by
 herself,
J A M E S IV. 14.
 Wherein ye know not what shall be on the Morrow:
 For what is your Life?—It is even a Vapour that
 appeared for a little Time, and then vanisheth away.

JUST IMPORTED,
 By **TUCKER & BARTOW,**
 And to be sold at their Store, near Burlington-Slip,
 A few **BALES** of excellent
COTTON.
 They have likewise for **S A L E,**
Jamaica spirits, West-India
 and New-York rum, wine, brandy and Geneva;
 choice molasses, pot, and lump sugar, melasses,
 tobacco, coffee, rice, allspice, ginger; best
 West-India rum, chocolate, nutmegs, allum,
 and various other goods. **West-Chester PORK, &c.**
 98, 7

WATCHES
CLEANING, Repairing, Glas-
 ses, Springs, Chains, &c. fitted at HALF
 the usual Price, and defended from future Expence.
 J. S. will undertake to make up (as bespoke) for
 those of the Trade, Merchants or private Persons—
 London Watches, upon any Construction, and at
 any Price; with this great Advantage, being here
 to keep his Work in Order without Charge, and
 expects, by being favoured in every Request hi-
 therto, to have an Opportunity of demonstrating
 his Ability as a Manufacturer.
 Some new Watches for Sale, and a neat
 Dial fit for a publick Room.
 J. S. is removed from the Coffee-House
 Bridge quite to the River Side, next to the Sign of
 the Castle on Murray's Wharf, New-York. 42—

FRENCH BOARDING-SCHOOL.
The Rev. J. PETER TETARD,
 Late Minister of the Reformed French Church in
 this City,
RETURNS his grateful Thanks to the
 Public for the Encouragement given to the
BOARDING-SCHOOL he opened last Sum-
 mer, at his House near King's-Bridge, (within 15
 Miles from New-York) where he continues to teach
 the French Language in the most expeditious Man-
 ner, together with some of the most useful Sciences;
 such as Geography, the Doctrine of the Sphere, an-
 cient and modern History, Logic, &c.—He like-
 wise takes in Pupils for the learned Languages; the
 skilful reading of the Classics, and whatever is re-
 quisite to fit the young Students for Admission into
 any College or University.
 The House is remarkable for its healthy Situa-
 tion, commanding one of the finest Prospects in
 the Government—and the Tutor's Character and
 Capacity are well-known, he having lived with
 Credit in the City of New-York for upwards of
 fifteen Years: So that, Gentlemen who will entrust
 him with the Education of their Children, may de-
 pend on their Expectations being properly answered.

TO BE SOLD,
A TRACT of Land six miles and a half in
 length, and six miles in breadth, containing
 twenty-four thousand acres, besides the usual allow-
 ance for highways; it is situated about 100 miles
 nearly north of Albany, a very considerable branch
 of Hudson's river runs nearly through the middle of
 the tract; the said branch is from 30 to 60 rods
 wide, the land is good for about two miles on each
 side of the same, and a considerable quantity of
 meadow; the remainder is mostly middling good.
 If a number of people who intend to make a speedy
 settlement incline to purchase the said tract, it will
 be sold at one shilling and six pence New-York mon-
 ey per acre; the tract is laid out into 24 lots of
 1000 acres each; if the purchasers intend to settle
 a minister, the proprietor will give one lot of 1000
 acres for a parsonage; he will also give one hun-
 dred pounds cash to enable the settlers to make
 roads: No sale will be made of any part of the
 tract unless a thousand acres can be sold, and the
 purchasers will obligate themselves to settle at least
 20 families within two years. The terms offered
 above will be complied with, on condition that the
 purchasers apply before the first day of May next.
 The lands are free from any claim or incumbrances
 whatever. An indisputable title will be given by
 the seller, who lives in New-York. Inquire of the
 Printer for further directions.
 New-York, Feb. 11 1773. 70—

West-Chester } **BY order of Ca-**
County, } **ble Justice, Esq. one of**
 the Judges of the inferior Court of Common Pleas
 for West-Chester county. Notice is hereby given,
 that on application to him made, by Thomas
 Lyon, a creditor of Samuel Sackett, jun. late of
 Philadelphia, in the said county of West-Chester,
 merchant; in pursuance of two several acts of the
 legislature of this colony of New-York, the one
 entitled, "an act to prevent frauds in debtors,"
 and the other entitled, "an act to revive the sev-
 eral acts therein mentioned, relating to absconding
 and fraudulent debtors." He the said Judge, did
 direct all the estate, of the said or Samuel Sackett,
 jun. real and personal, to be seized: And that
 unless he do return and discharge his debts within
 three months, next after this public notice given;
 all his estate, real and personal, so seized and ta-
 ken, will be sold for the satisfaction of his credi-
 tors. Dated the 9th day of August, 1773. 98, 2

T. B. ATWOOD'S
 Medicinal Store, in Bayard-Street, facing the Corn-
 ties-market, is fresh supplied with a general as-
 sortment of drugs, and medicines, to be sold
 wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices, for
 cash or short credit.—Also, with some of the
 most approved patented medicines from the ori-
 ginal warehouses.—Such as
 J A M E S's fever pow-
 ders,
 Anderson's Scotch pills,
 Hooper's female pills,
 Lockyer's universal pills,
 Rochhaave's balsam,
 Turlington's balsam,
 Hill's balsam of honey,
 Hill's tincture of valeri-
 an,
 Bateman's drops,
 Daffy's elixir,
 Fraunce's female elixir,
 Godfrey's cordial,
 Essence of balm of Gile-
 ad,
 Essence of pepper mint,
 Jesuits drops,
 British oil,
 The genuine **CAROLINA PINKROOT**;
 of most excellent quality; and very
 with directions adapted to
 99—

THE
MACARONIE JESTER:
B EING a select series of original stories, witty
 apertees, comical and original bull's, enter-
 taining Anecdotes, &c. &c. The whole collected
 from a great variety of company in the world, and
 never before published to the world: By a gentle-
 man of the world, who, when he sat out with cer-
 tain people mentioned, and not mentioned in this
 book, had always a pencil and pocket-book.
 To which is added, the origin of a Macaroni, illus-
 trated with a curious and neat copperplate frontis-
 piece of a Macaroni bear: Also, Brown's Quaker
 Sermon, and Grace.—As to the stories being origi-
 nal and authentic—can assure the publick there has
 been very few of them published in any book or
 pamphlet from Laugh and be Fat, down to Hoe's
 pretty modern Story Teller.
 N. B. A few copies of a curious song-book,
 with a choice collection of comic sentiments, never
 before printed, to be sold by the book-sellers.

THE BILES ISEAND LOTTERY.
 For raising the sum of SEVEN HUNDRED and
 TWENTY POUNDS.
 For JOHN DUNLAP, of New-York, Merchant,
 Luckily reduced by Misfortunes in Trade;
 To enable him to get into Business,
 1. Prize of 200 Dollars, is 200
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